

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

**Pearson Edexcel  
Level 3 GCE**

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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**Monday 19 October 2020**

Afternoon

Paper Reference **9MA0/31**

**Mathematics**

**Advanced**

**Paper 31: Statistics**

**You must have:**

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Green), calculator

Total Marks

**Candidates may use any calculator allowed by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.**

### Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided  
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Values from statistical tables should be quoted in full. If a calculator is used instead of tables the value should be given to an equivalent degree of accuracy.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

### Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- The total mark for this part of the examination is 50. There are 5 questions.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets  
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

### Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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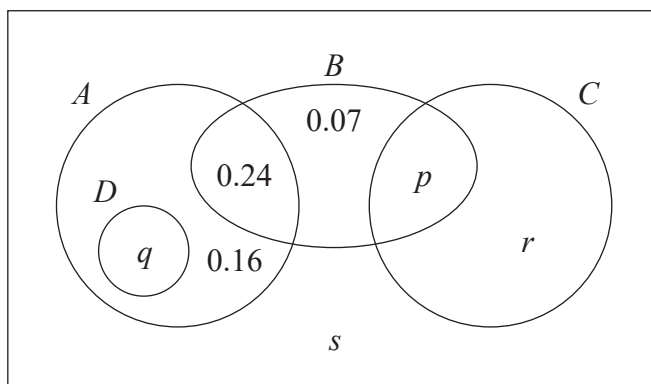
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1. The Venn diagram shows the probabilities associated with four events,  $A$ ,  $B$ ,  $C$  and  $D$



- (a) Write down any pair of mutually exclusive events from  $A$ ,  $B$ ,  $C$  and  $D$

(1)

Given that  $P(B) = 0.4$

- (b) find the value of  $p$

(1)

Given also that  $A$  and  $B$  are independent

- (c) find the value of  $q$

(2)

Given further that  $P(B'|C) = 0.64$

- (d) find

- (i) the value of  $r$   
 (ii) the value of  $s$

(4)



**Question 1 continued**

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**(Total for Question 1 is 8 marks)**



2. A random sample of 15 days is taken from the large data set for Perth in June and July 1987. The scatter diagram in Figure 1 displays the values of two of the variables for these 15 days.

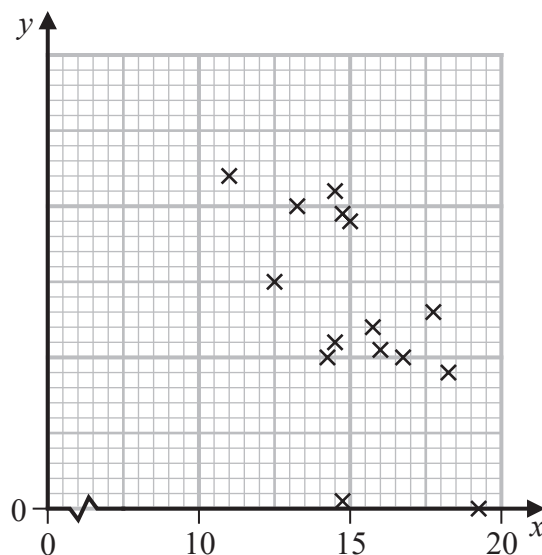


Figure 1

- (a) Describe the correlation.

(1)

The variable on the  $x$ -axis is Daily Mean Temperature measured in  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

- (b) Using your knowledge of the large data set,

- suggest which variable is on the  $y$ -axis,
- state the units that are used in the large data set for this variable.

(2)

Stav believes that there is a correlation between Daily Total Sunshine and Daily Maximum Relative Humidity at Heathrow.

He calculates the product moment correlation coefficient between these two variables for a random sample of 30 days and obtains  $r = -0.377$

- (c) Carry out a suitable test to investigate Stav's belief at a 5% level of significance. State clearly

- your hypotheses
- your critical value

(3)

On a random day at Heathrow the Daily Maximum Relative Humidity was 97%

- (d) Comment on the number of hours of sunshine you would expect on that day, giving a reason for your answer.

(1)





**Question 2 continued**

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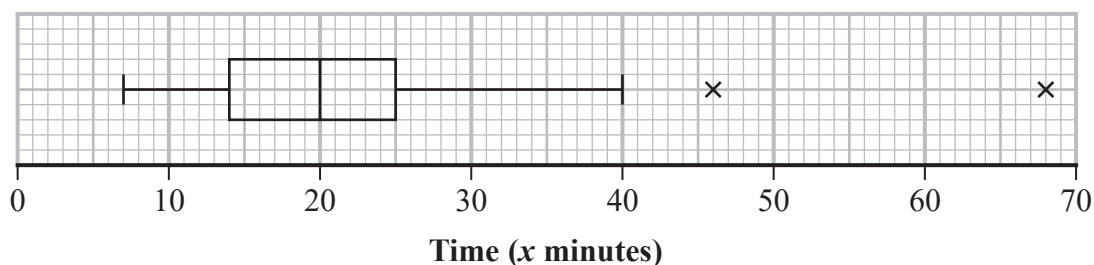




3. Each member of a group of 27 people was timed when completing a puzzle.

The time taken,  $x$  minutes, for each member of the group was recorded.

These times are summarised in the following box and whisker plot.



- (a) Find the range of the times. (1)

- (b) Find the interquartile range of the times. (1)

For these 27 people  $\sum x = 607.5$  and  $\sum x^2 = 17\,623.25$

- (c) calculate the mean time taken to complete the puzzle, (1)

- (d) calculate the standard deviation of the times taken to complete the puzzle. (2)

Taruni defines an outlier as a value more than 3 standard deviations above the mean.

- (e) State how many outliers Taruni would say there are in these data, giving a reason for your answer. (1)

Adam and Beth also completed the puzzle in  $a$  minutes and  $b$  minutes respectively, where  $a > b$ .

When their times are included with the data of the other 27 people

- the median time increases
  - the mean time does not change
- (f) Suggest a possible value for  $a$  and a possible value for  $b$ , explaining how your values satisfy the above conditions. (3)

- (g) Without carrying out any further calculations, explain why the standard deviation of all 29 times will be lower than your answer to part (d). (1)























**Question 5 continued**

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Question 5 continued

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(Total for Question 5 is 15 marks)

TOTAL FOR STATISTICS IS 50 MARKS

